

## **Unit 4**

**Application of Physical  
Intervention Skills in the  
Private Security Industry**

**Reduced Sample  
Assessment Material  
(SAM) 2021**

1 Which of these is a legal implication of using physical intervention?

- A Is it appropriate for the subject to withdraw?
- B Has the subject refused to be searched?
- C Is duty of care of the subject being maintained?
- D Has the subject been recorded on the CCTV system?

**(Total for Question 1 = 1 mark)**

2 A Security Operative is working at a hospital.  
What is important for the Security Operative to ensure?

- A They understand guidance relevant to the area of employment
- B They are familiar with key medical terminology
- C They complete an advanced first aid course
- D They give preferential treatment to staff at the premises

**(Total for Question 2 = 1 mark)**

3 A door supervisor uses a radio to summon assistance in a situation where there is a heated argument. What is this an example of?

- A Assertive communication
- B A primary control
- C Safe handover
- D A secondary control

**(Total for Question 3 = 1 mark)**

4 What are defensive physical skills?

- A Skills used to limit the movement of a person
- B Skills used to prevent a person accessing venue
- C Skills used to maintain crowd control
- D Skills used to protect oneself from assault

**(Total for Question 4 = 1 mark)**

**5** A Door Supervisor uses physical intervention to prevent a fight in a busy nightclub. What is a risk factor in this situation?

**A** Open (and) empty spaces

**B** Threats presented by others **C**

Effective interpersonal skills **D**

Loss of custom for the venue

**(Total for Question 5 = 1 mark)**

**6** A person is showing signs of acute behavioural disturbance.

What actions should be taken in this situation?

**A** Treat it as a medical emergency

**B** Adopt an assertive stance

**C** Restrain the person immediately

**D** Analyse the cause of the incident

**(Total for Question 6 = 1 mark)**

**7** Which of the following increases the risk of positional asphyxia?

**A** Using a non-restrictive method of physical intervention

**B** Using a method to disengage from a grab

**C** Using negative verbal communication

**D** Using a method that compromises breathing

**(Total for Question 7 = 1 mark)**

**8** A Door Supervisor is conducting a physical intervention on the ground Which of the following is a risk in this situation?

**A** The subject may damage their clothing

**B** The subject might impact with the floor

**C** The subject shows compliance

**D** The subject has difficulty getting up

**(Total for Question 8 = 1 mark)**

**9** A Door Supervisor has conducted physical intervention on an individual who is now held on the ground. A team leader has been designated to take charge. What should the team leader do during the intervention?

- A** Stand back taking detailed notes
- B** Take statements off all those involved
- C** Try to maintain dialogue with the individual
- D** Inform the individual that they are outnumbered

**(Total for Question 9 = 1 mark)**

**10** Which of the following is a way of reducing the risk of harm during physical interventions?

- A** Assist if the subject complains of breathlessness
- B** Ask the subject for their personal details
- C** Estimate the weight and size of the subject
- D** Record details of complaints and objections from the subject

**(Total for Question 10 = 1 mark)**

**11** What is a benefit of dynamic risk assessment?

- A** It guarantees a positive outcome of a situation
- B** It enables continual monitoring of a situation
- C** It justifies excessive use of force
- D** It demonstrates assertive behaviour

**(Total for Question 11 = 1 mark)**

**12** A Door Supervisor is maintaining a restrictive hold on a subject. Which of the following is a way of managing the subject's safety in this situation?

- A** Make detailed notes of the position the subject is held in
- B** Act on any concerns the subject has regarding their breathing
- C** Allow the subject to move freely
- D** Force the subject to the floor

**(Total for Question 12 = 1 mark)**

**13** A Door Supervisor is dealing with a restraint at event.

- A** To learn from the experience
- B** To raise team morale
- C** To encourage more force
- D** To manage bystanders

**(Total for Question 13 = 1 mark)**

**14** What is a responsibility following a physical intervention?

- A** To secure any witness testimonies
- B** To provide an opinion about events
- C** To instruct the emergency services
- D** To clean the area of the incident

**(Total for Question 14 = 1 mark)**

**15** Why is it important to keep up to date with physical intervention skills?

- A** To reduce SIA licence costs
- B** To ensure CPD is maintained
- C** To be able to conduct more forceful moves
- D** To reduce the need for onsite procedures

**(Total for Question 15 = 1 mark)**

**16** If the potential for ground restraint is high what must event operators

- do? **A** Implement control measures
- B** Increase numbers of supervisors
  - C** Reduce the capacity of venues
  - D** Regularly deep clean surfaces

**(Total for Question 16 = 1 mark)**

**TOTAL FOR SPECIMEN = 16 MARKS**  
**TOTAL FOR LIVE PAPER = 30 MARKS**

<b>Question Number</b>	<b>Answer</b>	<b>Knowledge Area</b>	<b>Total Mark</b>
1	<b>C</b>	1.1	<b>(1)</b>
2	<b>A</b>	1.2	<b>(1)</b>
3	<b>B</b>	1.3	<b>(1)</b>
4	<b>D</b>	1.4	<b>(1)</b>
5	<b>B</b>	2.1	<b>(1)</b>
6	<b>A</b>	2.2	<b>(1)</b>
7	<b>D</b>	2.3	<b>(1)</b>
8	<b>B</b>	3.1	<b>(1)</b>
9	<b>C</b>	3.2	<b>(1)</b>
10	<b>A</b>	3.3	<b>(1)</b>
11	<b>B</b>	3.4	<b>(1)</b>
12	<b>B</b>	3.5	<b>(1)</b>
13	<b>D</b>	3.6	<b>(1)</b>
14	<b>A</b>	3.7	<b>(1)</b>
15	<b>B</b>	3.8	<b>(1)</b>
16	<b>A</b>	3.2	<b>(1)</b>

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Total of reduced SAM = 16 marks

Total of live assessment = 32marks